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History

- 4.7 million people of Hispanic heritage live in Los Angeles County
- Known as New Spain, a part of Mexico before it was given to the United States in 1848
- Eastside, also known as East Los Angeles
 - Center for social and cultural movements in the Latinx community
 - Chicano Moratorium protest against war and advocate for social justice



Places in Los Angeles

Olvera Street

-a colorful, outdoor marketplace
-a center for hispanic cultural performances,
historical sites, museums, food, music, and
more



Los Angeles County Museum of Art

-many types of art, including
 Hispanic history, 17th century to
 modern Latin American art
 -also have concerts, lectures,
 and poetry reading







Places in Los Angeles

Grand Central Market

-huge food court
-many vendors for people and tourists to buy
food
-offers traditional Latin American grocery
items
-florists, game nights, movies, and other fun
events



24th Street Theater

-theater performances for Spanish speaking audiences -encourages the Hispanic culture and for the audience to get on stage and have fun -intense dramas, comedies, and colorful Mexican puppet shows













Mexico

- Maize, beans, chili
- Tacos
- Churros
- Agua Fresca/ Horchata

South America

- Regional
- Native, European, and Asian influences



Food in Latin America

Haiti

- French, Spanish, and African influence
- Pain patate, diri, beans
- Seafood

Costa Rica

- <u>Gallo pinto</u>, tortilla, picadillos

Honduras

- Spanish, Caribbean, and Maya-Lenca pre-columbian influences
- coconut













02 Diversity



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Map of Spanish Speaking Countries COUNTRIES WHERE SPANISH IS THE OFFICIAL OR NATIONAL LANGUAGE Caribbean HONDURAS CUBA MEXICO ----El Salvador DOMINICAN REPUBLIC Honduras arrie French Guiana Costa Rica NICARAGUA VENEZUELA COLOMBIA Ecuador **GUINEA** PARAGUAY Chile -URUGUAY Pacific Ocean -ARGENTINA Uruquay Atlantic Ocean Falkland Islands





03 Cultural Activities



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Papel Picado

- Papel Picado originated in Mexico.
- locals from San Salvador started to cut paper into flags in the 1920s
- The locals started selling those flags, later on catching the eye of many citizens.
- This started the tradition of making papel picado for the day of the dead.
- The Aztecs used Mulberry and fig tree bark to make rough paper (Amatl).







papel picado

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Papel Picado is a decorative craft made by cutting designs like birds, floral designs, or skeletons. All you need is a pair of scissors and some colored paper (any color is fine).





Pinata









Potato Sack Relay Race









Loteria

-Originated in Italy in the 15th century, Loteria spread to Spain and was brought to Mexico in 1769.

-Loteria is similar to bingo. It's simple yet competitive, lots of fun playing it with people in meetings and hang-outs.

-The illustrations on the cards often tell you important aspects of traditional and modern life in Mexico.

-It's one of the icons of Latino culture for the beautiful imagery and exciting







How do you win La Loteria?

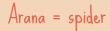
- Each player receives one tabla, or table, that has
 lo different pictures with descriptions, and a
 handful of coins, bottle caps, or raw beans.
- The caller will be calling out the name of a picture and show it to the players.
- If you have the picture that is called out, place a bean on the picture.
- The first person to have a horizontal, vertical, or diagonal line formed with the beans will shout "Loteria!" and WIN!





Examples of Loteria Words

M



$$S_0 = sun$$

Venado = deer

